

## Agenda

- APM Terminals today
- Industry attractiveness
- Position
- Strategy
- Execution
- Conclusion





## APM Terminals – an independent, global ports developer and operator with significant growth potential



## Moving containers





## Running ports





## APM Terminals – a Glocal business











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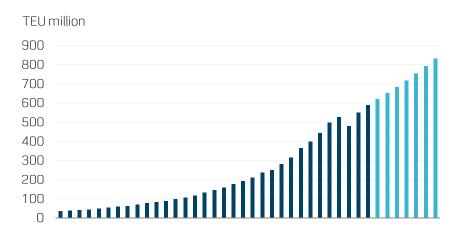




## Industry growth continues in "The new normal"

### Total market size (TEU mill)

Forecast based on 5% average annual growth



. 1 9 7/99 8/19 8/39 8/59 8/79 8/99 9/19 9/39 9/59 9/79 9/79 0/79 0/79 0/79 0/79 1/20 1/20 1/20 1/20 1

Source: Drewry Shipping Consultants, August 2012

### Demand drivers in "The new normal"

### **Emerging Markets**

- Growing middle class
- Urbanisation and increased participation in global trade
- Growing containerization from very low levels

### **Mature Markets**

- Demand for highly efficient T/S hubs to serve ever larger ships
- Demand for deep draft at strategic gateways



## A vital part of the transportation value chain



### Why is the container port industry attractive?

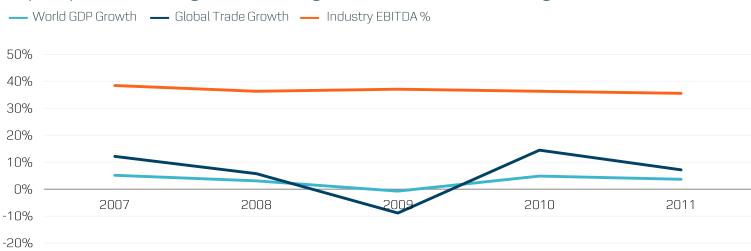
- High entry barriers (investments, operational risks, regulatory)
- Local supply/demand balance is well managed
- No substitution threat





## Stable long term cash flow – even during crisis

### Top 4 Operators Average EBITDA margin vs. World GDP and trade growth



<sup>\*</sup> Includes APM Terminals, DP World, HPH and PSA Sources: CIA world fact book, Drewry and company websites



## An attractive industry

- High growth
  - Min 5% p.a.
- High entry barriers
  - Capital requirements, operational capabilities, relationships
- Bottlenecks
- Stable, long term cash flows





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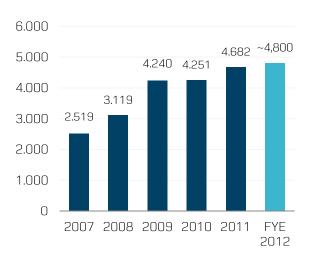
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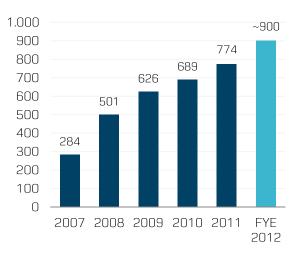


## Track record of growth and growing profitability

### Revenue, USD mill

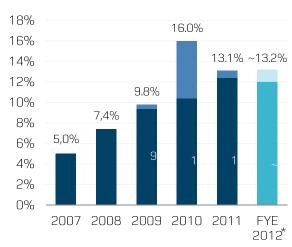


### Operating Cash Flow, USD mill



### ROIC

■ Extraordinary items

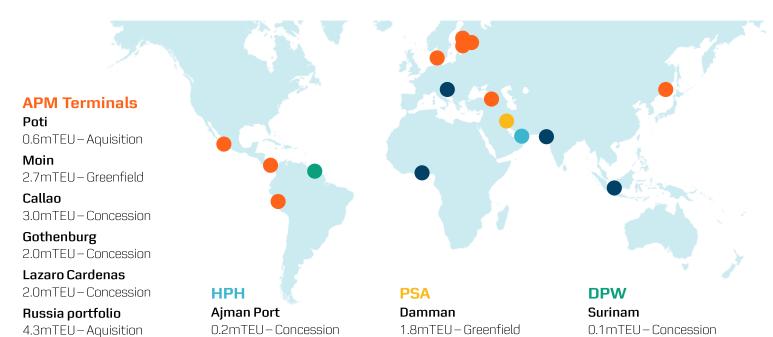




\* Excluding impact of acquisition of shares in Global Ports



## #1 in winning new business 2011/2012



ICTSI
Rijeka
0.5mTEU-Concession
Pakistan
0.75mTEU-Aquisition
Jakarta
Conversion
Lekki

2.5mTFU - Greenfield



## Higher ROIC than competition, but lower EBITDA margin









USD mill.	2011	2011	2011	2011
Revenue	4,682	2,978	4,177	3,429
EBITDA	1,059	1,307	1,509	1,556
EBITDA %	23%	44%	36%	45%
EBIT*	767	1,116	1,057	1,316
EBIT ROIC **	15%	8%	n.a.	13%
EBIT ROIC before special items	15%	6%	n.a.	13%

### Note:

- \* EBIT under influence of one-off divestment gains
- \*\* EBIT ROIC formula: EBIT divided by Invested Capital



## Higher growth, improved returns versus competition

### Growth in Revenue 2007–2011

APM Terminals	86%
DP World	9%
HPH	-14%
PSA	4%

#### Notes:

- Inauguration of new terminals and the addition of Inland Services as from 2010 have contributed to APMT revenue growth.
- The growth for HPH and DP World is affected by IPO of HPH Trust and DP Worlds partnership with Citi Infrastructure Investors in Australia respectively.
- For HPH, ROIC is not available.







## APM Terminals has a strong position

As a Developer:

Relationships

Reputation

**Balance Sheet** 

As an Operator:

Strategic customers

Global capabilities

Strong network



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## The road to USD 1bn NOPAT

# Become the leading port and inland operator by 2016, generating top quartile sustainable ROIC by:

- Serving global carriers and cargo owners in long term partnerships through safe and excellent operations
- Actively managing the portfolio and developing port infrastructure and inland services in high growth markets





## Clear strategic objectives & targets

### Strategic Objectives

Most Profitable

Top quartile return on capital, min 12%

Earn The Customer

- Top quartile growth
- Emerging market focus
- Customer Satisfaction Score

Take Cost Out

• Top quartile ops and cost performance against local competition

Drive Performance

- Top quartile Safety performance
- Top quartile Engagement
- Active Portfolio Management

### Mid Term Targets

	2011	2012 F	2016 F
ROIC	13.1%	13.2%	13.0%
Number of terminals	56	57	65–70
Revenue (USD bn)	4.6	4.8	6.0
EBITDA (USD bn)	1.0	1.1	1.6
NOPAT (USD bn)	0.6	0.7	1.0



# Strategic risks are continuously monitored and mitigation plans developed

Global economic slowdown

Lack of sufficiently qualified people to manage growth

Change in trade patterns

Country Risk in emerging markets

### Mitigating actions

- Portfolio diversification
- Long term customer contracts
- Customer relationships
- Variable cost structure
- Strong local presence and network
- HR planning
- Talent development programmes



# APM Terminals - clear road to USD 1.0 bn

- Become the leading port operator
  - Top Quartile ROIC, min 12%
  - USD 1bn NOPAT by 2016
- Earn The Customers
- Take Cost Out
- Drive Performance
- Effectively manage risks





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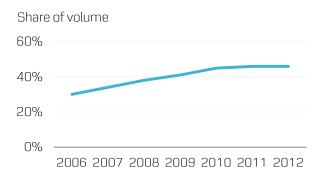
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## Earn the Customers: Partnerships and joint value

### Other customers than Maersk Line



### **Partnerships**

- Strategic dialogue with customers
- Key Client Management programme
- Joint venture terminal projects



Larger vessels and focus on fuel cost savings generate need for reliability and efficiency in ports

### Joint value

- Performance based contracts
- Expanded service offering through Inland Services
- Lifting productivity



## Global Transformation – lifting the productivity

Why?

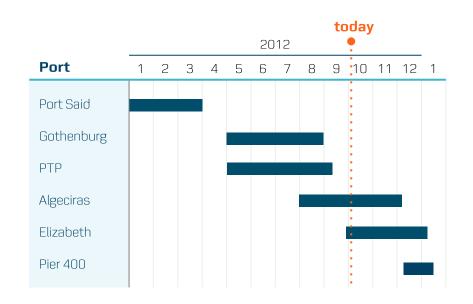
- High priority for our customers
- Large variety across portfolio
- Productivity improvements 'adds' capacity and reduce cost

What?

- 15% increase in crane productivity
- USD 200 mill cost savings

How?

- Inject industrial expertise into terminal operations
- Share best practices
- Global standards





## Safety: Our main challenge



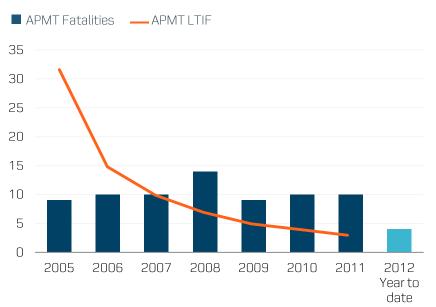


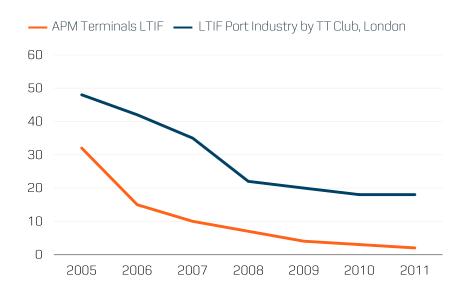






## Safety: Performance and position





Fatalities have not been eliminated



## Safety: Objectives and actions

### **Objectives:**

- Zero fatalities
- 30% reduction in high severity incidents year on year

### **Actions:**

- Safety activist
- Separate man and machine
- Global Minimum Standards

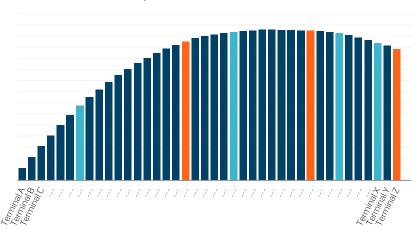




## Portfolio management – lifting financial returns

## Rigorous benchmarking and annual portfolio review to identify candidates for portfolio adjustments

Accumulated economic profit



### Selected portfolio adjustments 2008–2012

Exit	Entry	Consolidation
Yantian	Monrovia	Aarhus
Dunkirk	Santos	Virginia
Oakland	Mobile	S
Kingston	Арара	
Port Qasim	Bahrain	
Cagliari	Mumbai	
5	Cai Mep	
	Jadeweser	
	Poti	
	Callao	
	Moin	
	Gothenburg	
	Lazaro	
	Cardenas	



## Implementation – lifting expertise and innovation

- USD 3bn capex programme (~USD 1bn annual spend)
- Separate organizational unit in The Hague
- Leading within innovation and automation
  - Massvlakte II becoming a state-of-the art facility

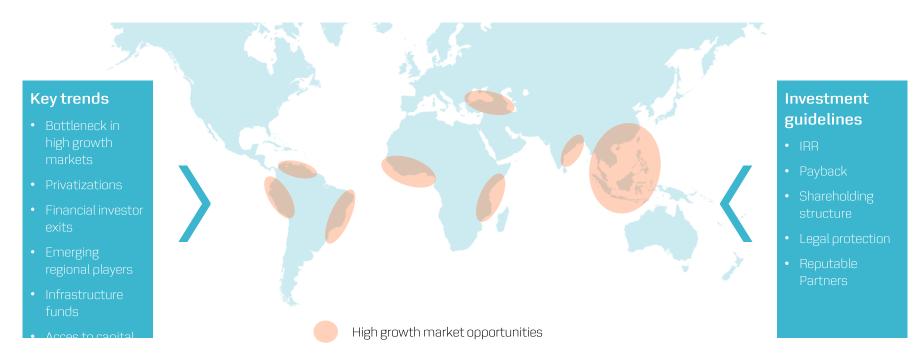
### Project examples

New terminals	Expansions
Santos	Luanda
Maasvlakte II	Арара
Moin	Pipavav
Lazaro Cardenas	Port Said (SCCT)





## Future Projects – resolving bottlenecks





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## APM Terminals – sustainable, profitable growth



