Maersk Insurance A/S Registration no. 33 51 03 65

Annual Report 2018

Approved at the Annual General Meeting 1-4-	20/9
Presiding Augh	_
Anne Pindborg	

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Company Details

Company

Maersk Insurance A/S
Esplanaden 50
1098 Copenhagen K
Central Business Registration No.: 33 51 03 65

Telephone: +45 33 63 33 63

Board of Directors

Jan Kjærvik (Chairman) Fatiha Benali Martin Herrstedt Palle Laursen

Executive Management

Lars Henneberg

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup

Management Statement on the Annual Report

The Board of Directors and Executive Management have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Maersk Insurance A/S for 2018.

The Annual Report of Maersk Insurance A/S has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

The Annual Report gives a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities, financial position and result.

The Management Review includes a fair description of the development in the Company's activities and financial standing as well as a description of significant risks and uncertainties which may affect the Company.

It is recommended that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 5 March 2019

Executive Management

Lars Henneberg

Board of Directors

Jan Kjærvik

(Chairman)

Martin Hyrrstadt

Estiba Banali

Palle Laursen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Maersk Insurance A/S

Our Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

Our opinion is consistent with our Auditor's Long-form Report to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

What we have audited

Maersk Insurance A/S's financial statements for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 comprise the income statement and statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and the notes, including summary of accounting policies ("Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 were not provided.

Appointment

We were first appointed auditors of Maersk Insurance A/S on 16 September 2011 for the financial year ending 31 December 2011. We have been reappointed annually by shareholder resolution for a total

period of uninterrupted engagement of 8 years including the financial year 2018.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements for 2018. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Kev audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Measurement of claims provisions

The Company's claims provisions amount to a total of USD 108 million, which represents 30% of the total balance.

Claims provisions are calculated as the present value of the payments, which the Company is expected to be liable to pay in connection with insurance events that have taken place on or before the balance sheet date exceeding amounts already paid in connection with these events. In addition, direct and indirect costs are included in connection with the settlement of claims.

We focused on the measurement of claims provisions because these are significant for the Financial Statements and are based on accounting estimates and actuarial methods that include assumptions about future events.

Reference is made to the Financial Statements of "Accounting Estimates" and "Claims Provisions" in Note 1 and "Cost of claims net of reinsurance" in Note 4.

We reviewed and assessed the business processes and relevant internal controls implemented by the Company regarding claims processing and claims provisioning.

We assessed and challenged the models, methods and assumptions used based on our experience in order to ensure that these are in line with regulatory and accounting requirements. This included an assessment of the continuity in the basis for the calculation of claims provisions.

For a sample of claims we tested the calculation and the data used to underlying documentation.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, we considered whether Management's Review includes the disclosures required by the Danish Financial Business Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Business Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

The key figure Solvency Coverage

Management is responsible for the key figure Solvency Coverage, included in Financial highlights and key figures in note 18 of the Financial Statements.

As disclosed in Financial highlights and key figures in note 18 the key figure is exempt from audit requirement. Accordingly, our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the key figure Solvency Coverage, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to consider, whether the key figure Solvency Coverage is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on this, we conclude that the key figure Solvency Coverage is materially misstated, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this respect.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the

 $\ disclosures, and \ whether \ the \ Financial \ Statements \ represent \ the \ underlying \ transactions \ and \ events$

in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in in-

ternal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant

ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other

matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related

safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that

were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore

the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation pre-

cludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that

a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so

would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Copenhagen, 5 March 2019

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no 3377 1231

Per Rolf Larssen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne24822

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Management's Review

Main activities

Maersk Insurance A/S was founded in 2011 as a captive for the parent company A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S and affiliated companies.

Maersk Insurance A/S has license to conduct direct and reinsurance business for the insurance classes 6 (Fully comprehensive insurance for ships), 8 (Fire and natural forces), 9 (Other damage to property), 12 (Third party liability for ships), 13 (General liability) and 16 (Miscellaneous financial losses).

Insurance risk

The Company writes property and casualty risks within the areas Marine, Energy and Terminals. The insurance risk for Maersk Insurance A/S is limited to risks within the insurance classes for which the Company holds a license. Claims are limited per incident and for most programmes also on a yearly aggregate. For Property the maximum net risk per event is USD 45.0m and for Casualty USD 12.5m.

Development in activities and finances

The company's profit for 2018 amounts to USD 12,983k (2017: USD 6,604k). The result is satisfactory.

On 6 March 2018 the vessel Maersk Honam suffered a fire in the cargo hold. Maersk Insurance has for this claim posted a gross claims provision of USD 81,786k of which USD 27,681k has been paid. As of 31 December 2018, the gross claims provision is therefore USD 54,105k. The net claims provision is zero as the claim is 100% reinsured.

The company has in 2018 had investment activities which, according to the policy of the company, have comprised investment assets with a low risk profile. The company's investment assets have in 2018 primarily been placed in short term deposits and in a loan to the parent company. The result of investment activities is satisfactory.

The solvency capital requirement as of 31 December 2018 has been calculated to USD 58,925k (2017: USD 56,771k). The capital base amounts to USD 187,064 (2017: USD 172,263k). Accordingly, the solvency ratio is 3.2 (2017: 3.0). The solvency capital requirement has been calculated according to the standard method under Solvency II and the capital base has been made up according to the valuation rules under Solvency II.

Expectations for the future

The expected profit for 2019 is at a lower level than for 2018 due to separation of Energy entities from A. P. Møller-Mærsk and an adaption of the operating model vis-à-vis entities remaining in A. P. Møller-Mærsk.

Salary policy

The overall purpose of the company's salary policy is to support that management and significant risk takers work to promote a healthy and effective risk management of the company. The salary may thus not be of a magnitude or composition which entails a risk for conflict of interest or which does not harmonise with the company's wishes for protection of customers and investors.

Apart from this, reference is made to note 5 to the Financial Statements.

Risk management

Reference is made to note 15 to the Financial Statements.

Distribution of the profit for the year

The Board proposes that the profit for the year, USD 12,983k is transferred to equity.

Social responsibility

For a description of the A.P. Moller - Maersk Group's work with social responsibility, reference is made to the home page www.maersk.com/about/sustainability.

Gender Equality

In February 2014 the Board adopted targets for the diversity of the company's shareholder-appointed board members with respect to the under-represented gender.

The Board believes that its members should be elected on the basis of their combined qualifications and at the same time recognises the advantages of a board comprising a wide range of backgrounds such as global experience, style, culture and gender.

On the basis of this ambition the Board has defined a target to increase the share of the under-represented gender on the Board, to account for at least 25% of the shareholder-appointed Board members within a four year period.

As of 31 December 2018, one of the four shareholder-appointed Board members is a woman. The target for gender diversity is therefore being met.

Audit committee

The independent member of the audit committee with accounting and audit qualifications is Fatiha Benali. Fatiha Benali is Senior Vice President, Claims at Tryg A/S and has previously held the position as Business Financial Officer at the same company and has experience from audit committee and Board in Danmarks Skibskredit A/S. Through these positions, Fatiha Benali has acquired a broad knowledge of finance, accounting and IT.

Board memberships and other assignments for Board members, Executive management and Executive staff

Reference is made to overview on page 27.

Income Statement for the period 1 January – 31 December 2018

	Note	2018	2017
		tUSD	tUSD
	_		
Gross premiums	2	60.292	52.060
Insurance premiums ceded		-45.483	-45,692
Change in premium provisions		-994	366
Change in reinsurers' share of premium provisions		-1.598	-2.203
Total premium income net of reinsurance		12.217	4.531
Technical interest	3	168	36
	ū	100	00
Claims paid		-39.046	-26.652
Received from reinsurers		26.860	4.591
Change in claims provisions		-58.473	3.577
Change in risk margin		-1.580	32
Change in reinsurers' share of claims provisions		68.940	17.001
Total cost of claims net of reinsurance	4	-3.299	-1.451
Administration expenses		-2.058	-1.970
Reinsurance commissions		5.340	4.834
Total operating expenses	5	3.282	2.864
TECHNICAL PROFIT		12.368	5.980
Interest income and dividends etc.		3.046	1.855
Value adjustments		1.545	1.162
Administration expenses related to investment activity		-25	-26
Total investment income	6	4.566	2.991
Interest on technical provisions		-168	-36
INVESTMENT RESULT AFTER TECHNICAL INTEREST		4.000	0.055
INVESTMENT RESULT AFTER TECHNICAL INTEREST		4.398	2.955
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		16.766	8.935
Tax	7	-3.783	-2.331
Tun	•	-3.765	-2.001
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		12.983	6.604
Other comprehensive income for the year			-
•			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		12.983	6.604

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

ASSETS	Note	2018 IUSD	2017 tUSD
Deposits with credit institutions		58.925	70.849
Total other financial investment assets		58.925	70.849
TOTAL INVESTMENT ASSETS		58.925	70.849
Reinsurers' share of premium provisions		17.208	18.806
Reinsurers' share of claims provisions		95,251	26.957
Total reinsurers' share of insurance provisions		112.459	45.763
Receivables from insurance companies		24.330	23.530
Receivables from affiliated companies	8	137.843	123.646
TOTAL RECEIVABLES		274.632	192.939
Cash at bank		6.713	989
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS		6.713	989
Interest receivable		9	-
Other prepayments and accrued income		13.275	14,101
TOTAL PREPAYMENTS AND ACCRUED INCOME		13.284	14.101
TOTAL ASSETS		353.554	278.878

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2018 tUSD	2017 tUSD
Share capital Retained earnings TOTAL EQUITY	10	89.987 99.270 189.257	89.987 86.287 176.274
Premium provisions Claims provisions Risk Margin TOTAL PROVISIONS FOR INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT CONTRACTS		23.665 107.790 4.346 135.801	22.671 49.317 2.766 74.754
Debt relating to reinsurance Current tax liabilities Payables to affiliated companies Other liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	9	23.339 3.685 148 1.324 28.496	22.717 696 87 4.350 27.850
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		353.554	278.878
Accounting policies Contractual obligations and guarantee commitments Related parties Ownership Consolidation Risk information Insurance technical result by insurance class Sensitivity information Financial highlights and key figures	1 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		

Statement of changes in equity as at 31 December 2018

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	tUSD	tUSD	tUSD
2017			
Equity 1 January	89.987	79.683	169.670
Total result/comprehensive income for the year		6.604	6.604
Equity 31 December 2017	89.987	86.287	176.274
2018			
Equity 1 January	89.987	86.287	176.274
Total result/comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	12.983	12.983
Equity 31 December 2018	89.987	99.270	189.257

Total eligible own funds to meet the Solvency Capital Requirement (capital base) are as at 31 December 2018 USD 187.064k. The difference to equity as at 31 December 2018 of USD 189,257k is mainly caused by valuation differences in the Solvency II balance sheet.

1 Accounting policies

The Financial Statements are presented in accordance with the Executive Order no. 937 dated 27 July 2015 and changes in Executive Order no. 688 dated 1 June 2016.

The Financial Statements cover the period 1 January 2018 – 31 December 2018 and are presented in USD which is the Company's functional currency.

The accounting policies remain unchanged from the Financial Statements for 2017.

Recognition and measurement

Income is recognized in the income statement as earned. Expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognized in the income statement. Value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value are also recognized in the income statement, unless otherwise stated below.

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably. Investment assets are recognized in the balance sheet using the trading date as date of recognition.

Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when, due to an event occurring before or on the balance sheet date, the Company has a legal or constructive obligation, and when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the Company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost corresponding to fair value. Subsequent measurements are made as described for each individual item below.

The recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities take into account information received after the balance sheet date but before the presentation of the Financial Statements if such information proves or disproves circumstances prevailing on the balance sheet date.

Accounting estimates

In connection with the compilation of the Financial Statements, management make a number of accounting estimates. The most significant estimates relate to the following:

Claims provisions

Individual claims

Provisions for individual claims are based on information from fronting companies ensuring that the fronting companies and Maersk Insurance use the same claim amount. Of this amount Maersk Insurance will provide for its share of the total claim. Maersk Insurance assesses information from fronting companies against information which has come to the knowledge of management to ensure that claims provisions are based on all information available to the Company.

IBNR and IBNER

Based on principles approved by the Board, the Company will calculate IBNR and IBNER provisions. The principles used are on a yearly basis evaluated by the Actuary Function and the Board to ensure that these provisions are at an appropriate level.

3rd party recovery

Where it is anticipated that recovery is obtainable from a 3rd party, the recovery amount will be estimated based on all available and relevant information, including where possible advise from external lawyers. The estimation of expected recovery amounts will take the inherent process risk associated with such cases into account.

Conversion of foreign currency

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Exchange differences resulting from translation at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction and the exchange rate prevailing at the date of payment are recognized in the income statement as a financial item.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currency, which are not settled at the balance sheet date, are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date and the exchange rate prevailing at the time when such receivables or payables arose or were recognized in the latest annual report is recognized in the income statement as a financial item.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are initially recognized in the balance sheet at cost and are subsequently valued at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of financial instruments are included in the income statement and are in the balance sheet included under other assets and other liabilities respectively.

Income statement

Premium income

Premium income net of reinsurance includes total charged premium for the accounting period (with deduction of premium ceded to reinsurance companies) adjusted for changes in premium provisions, corresponding to accruals according to the risk period of the insurance policies.

Insurance technical interest

Part of total results of financial operation relates to insurance operations and has been transferred to that part of the income statement. The transfer is a calculated yield of average total premium reserves net of reinsurance for the year. The interest used is based on relevant interest curves.

Claims paid

Claims paid is the amount of money paid for insurance claims. The amount includes expenses for survey and handling of claims and other direct and indirect expenses related to handling of claims.

Received from reinsurers

Received from reinsurers is the amount of money received from reinsurers for their share of insurance claims.

Change in claims provisions

Change in claims provisions is the difference between claims provisions at the start of the year and at the end of the accounting year. This also applies for the reinsurance companies' share of claims.

Change in risk margin

Change in risk margin is the difference between risk margin at the start of the year and at the end of the accounting year.

Administration expenses

Administration expenses are expenses incurred in connection with renewing and handling of the insurance portfolio.

Reinsurance commissions

Reinsurance commissions comprise commissions based on contractual rates and profit shares received from reinsurance companies.

Investment income

Interest income, dividends etc.

Includes interest income from bonds, other securities and loans.

Value Adjustments

Value adjustments comprises all value adjustments including exchange rate adjustments.

Administration expenses related to investment activity

Costs attributable to trading in and management of the Company's investments are recognized as administration expenses related to investment activity.

Tax

Maersk Insurance A/S is covered by the corporate taxation law § 11A (captive rule) which entails that the Company is taxed respectively obtains tax deductions to the extent that group payments of premiums etc. are taxable respectively are tax deductible by other companies in the joint taxation.

The Company is taxed jointly with A.P. Møller Holding A/S and this company's subsidiaries. The parent company pays the combined Danish tax of these companies' taxable income. The jointly taxed companies are included in the on account tax system.

Tax for the year is recognized in the income statement with the amount attributable to profit or loss for the year and is recognized in other comprehensive income with the amount attributable to other comprehensive income.

Balance sheet

Financial investment assets

Bonds are measured at fair value (quoted price at closing) at the balance sheet date. Deposits with credit institutions are measured at face value.

Reinsurers' share of insurance provisions

Amounts receivable from reinsurers are measured at the amounts receivable related to premium and claims provisions in accordance with the reinsurance contracts entered into.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually equals nominal value less provisions for bad debt.

Prepayments and accrued income

Prepayments and accrued income includes receivable interest and expenses paid before the balance sheet date but which relate to following years. Interest receivable also includes positive market value of FX derivatives. Negative market value of FX derivatives is included in other liabilities.

Premium provisions

Provisions for premiums are provided to cover obligations and amounts for unexpired risk periods for insurance contracts in force. The Company makes use of the simplified method for calculating the provisions as described in §69a of the executive order.

Claims provisions

Claims provisions are amounts to cover claims and costs on insurance events occurred in the accounting year or prior to that year.

The claims provisions are calculated as the sum of the amounts which the Company to the best of its knowledge expects to be liable to pay in connection with the insurance events occurred until the balance sheet date exceeding the amounts that have already been paid in connection with these insurance events. The claims provisions also contain amounts which the Company to the best of its knowledge expects to pay for direct and indirect costs in connection with resolving the claims. The Company also applies an IBNR provision to cover incurred but not yet reported claims and an IBNER provision to cover the risk that claims provisions are underestimated.

The claims provisions are discounted to the extent that it is expected that settlement will take place over a longer period of time unless the difference between discounted and non-discounted provisions is insignificant.

Risk Margin

Risk margin is provided to cover the amount to be expected to pay another insurance company for assuming the risk of settling insurance obligations in addition to amounts already provided for in premium and claims provisions.

Current tax

Current tax liabilities and assets are recognized in the balance sheet as tax calculated on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Debt

Debt is measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to nominal value.

	2018	2017
	tUSD	tUSD
2 Gross premiums	=0.004	
Gross premium reinsurance	59.991	50.736
Gross premium direct insurance	301	1.324
Total gross premium	60.292	52.060
Direct insurance		
Denmark	301	1.324
Other EU-countries	1	
Other countries	-	-
	301	1.324
3 Technical interest		
Premium provisions	23.665	22.671
Claims provisions	107.790	49.317
	131.455	71.988
Insurance technical interest has been calculated as 2.49% (2017: 1.60%) of the average		
net balance of premium provisions of USD 6,730k (2017: USD 2,279k)	168	36
Total technical interest	168	36
4 Cost of claims net of reinsurance		
Claims paid	39.046	26.652
Received from reinsurers	-26.860	-4.591
Change in claims provisions	58.473	-3.577
Change in risk margin	1.580	-32
Change in reinsurers' share of claims provisions Total cost of claims net of reinsurance	-68.940	-17.001
Total cost of claims net of reinsurance	3.299	1.451
Allocation of claims incurred and run off result related to previous years		
Claims losses in the year, gross	99.474	15.609
Run off result, gross	-375	7.434
Total losses, gross	99.099	23.043
Claims losses in the year, reinsurers' share	-93.070	-14.515
Run off result, reinsurers' share	-2.730	-7 <u>.077</u>
Total losses net of reinsurance	3.299	1.451

Run off result

The run off result, net, consists of lower claims related to Marine of USD 1.3m, Terminal USD 1.2m, and Energy USD 0.3m. Property increased by by USD 0.2m Financial Lines by USD 0.6m. IBNR reserves contributes positively with USD 1.1m.

	2018 tUSD	2017 tUSD
5 Administration expenses Other administration expenses	2.025	1.942
Total other administration expenses	2.025	1.942
Fee to auditor elected at the General Assembly		
Statutory audit	33	28
Other services		
Total fee to auditor elected at the General Assembly	33	28
Reinsurance commission		
Reinsurance commission	5.340	-4.834
Total reinsurance commission	-5.340	-4.834
Total operating expenses	-3.282	-2.864

Staff costs

The company has had no employees in the financial year other than part-time employment of Executive Management and Internal Auditor. Executive Management and Internal Auditor receive no remuneration from Maersk Insurance A/S.

Remuneration for these services are charged by A.P. Moller - Mærsk A/S as part of the administration agreement, which includes USD 160k (2017: USD 160k) for services provided by Lars Henneberg as Executive Management in Maersk Insurance A/S and USD 10k (2017: USD 10k) for Internal Audit services. Remuneration of USD 19k (2017: USD 22k) has been paid to member of the Board and the independent member of the Audit Committee, Fatiha Benali.

6 Investment income		
Interest on investment assets, receivables from parent company and cash at bank	3.046	1.855
Interest income, dividends etc.	3.046	1.855
Value adjustments related to other financial assets	1.545	1.162
Value adjustments	1.545	1.162
Administration expenses related to investment activity	-25	-26
Administration expenses	-25	-26
Total investment income	4.566	2.991
7 Tax		
Current tax	3.685	1.964
Adjustment previous years	98	367
Total tax	3.783	2.331
Actual tax percentage	22,0%	22,0%
Adjustment previous years	0,6%	4,1%
Effective tax rate	22,6%	26,1%

	2018 tUSD	2017 tUSD
8 Receivables from affiliated companies		
Loan to A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S	137.843	123.646
Total receivables from affiliated companies	137.843	123.646
9 Current tax assets / current tax liabilities		
Balance 1 January	696	3,776
Adjustment previous years	98	367
Paid tax related to last year	-794	-5.411
	0	-1.268
Current tax	3.685	1.964
Paid on account during the year		-
Balance 31 December, liability	3.685	696

The company is taxed jointly with A.P. Moller Holding A/S and this company's subsidiaries.

10 Share capital

The share capital consists of 5,120,000 shares of DKK 100 each corresponding to USD 89,987k. The shares are not divided into classes.

11 Contractual obligations and guarantee commitments

The company has no obligations or guarantee commitments cf. the Danish Financial Business Act §182.

12 Related parties

Related parties with a controlling interest in Maersk Insurance A/S:

- A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K

Related parties with whom Maersk Insurance A/S has had transactions in 2018:

- Maersk Insurance A/S has granted a loan of USD 137.8m to the parent company A.P. Møller Mærsk A/S
 according to permission from the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority.
- The loan yields interest at arm's length basis.
- An agreement has been established with A.P. Møller Mærsk A/S related to fees for risk management services, bookkeeping, reporting and internal audit.

13 Ownership

The following shareholder owns more than 5% of the company's share capital:

- A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K

14 Consolidation

Maersk Insurance A/S is consolidated in the Group Annual Accounts for A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K (smallest group) and in the Group Annual Accounts for A.P. Møller Holding A/S, Esplanaden 50, 1098 Copenhagen K (largest group). The Group Annual Accounts are obtainable from these adresses.

15 Risk information

In Maersk Insurance A/S risk management is performed when the Board of Directors evaluates and decides on several types of risk according to the Danish Financial Business Act and the Companies Act. The nature of the risks are both financial and operational. The company has prepared policies and guidelines for all significant areas in order to manage these risks

At the operational level it is mainly insurance risks that must be evaluated while at the financial level it is the investment risk.

The company mainly assumes insurance risk within the A.P. Moller - Maersk Group, including subsidiaries, and as required for joint ventures and partner companies. Part of the risk is naturally associated with claims provisions where a technical provision is made. On top of this the company allocates an IBNR provision to cover incurred but not yet reported claims and an IBNER provision to cover the risk that reserves for claims should be too low.

In the preparation of the financial statements estimates and judgments are exercised that affect the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the result. The most significant estimates are exercised in the measurement of technical provisions. In the measurement of technical provisions a number of assumptions and estimates are made, inter alia in connection with the calculation of expected claims payments and expenses on reported claims. Technical provisions also include an estimate of claims incurred that have not yet come to the Company's knowledge. These estimates are inherently uncertain and rests on a number of assumptions that may be affected by developments in practise and litigation, etc. Accordingly, the Company's actual liability for claims may be subject to material positive and negative deviations relative to the amounts initially estimated in the technical provisions.

For the investment area, the Board of Directors has drawn up an investment policy. The policy defines the types of assets in which the company may invest, how much risk can be taken within each type of asset and against one counterpart, and which counterparties that may be used. As stipulated in the policy, all investments made in other currencies than USD are hedged to protect the company against the exchange rate exposure. The overall objective of the policy is to ensure that the company adheres to the prudent person principle. Adherence to the investment policy is monitored on a current basis by management and the audit committee.

16 Insurance technical result by insurance class

	Marine, Aviation			
	and Transport *)	Fire *)	Third Party *)	Total
2018	tUSD	tUSD	tUSD	tUSD
Gross premiums written	44.503	13.216	2.574	60.292
Gross premium income	43.092	12.735	3.471	59.298
Gross claims incurred	-89.019	-6.698	-1.802	-97.519
Change in risk margin	-1.545	-35	0	-1.580
Gross operating expenses	2.819	294	170	3.283
Result of ceded business	52.918	-3.336	-863	48.719
Technical interest	124	37	7	168
Technical profit or loss	8.389	2.997	983	12.369
Number of claims	102	23	29	154
Average claims size (t.USD)	873	291	62	633
Claims frequency	20	12	4	10
	Marine, Aviation	F* *\		***
	and Transport *)	Fire *)	Third Party *)	Total
2017	and Transport *) tUSD	tUSD	tUSD	tUSD
Gross premiums written	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235	tUSD 13.026	tUSD 1.799	tUSD 52.060
Gross premiums written Gross premium income	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860	tUSD 13.026 12.794	tUSD 1.799 772	tUSD 52.060 52.426
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323	tUSD 1.799 772 -48	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred Change in risk margin	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53 2.715	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0 -70	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32 2.864
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred Change in risk margin Gross operating expenses Result of ceded business	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32 2.864 -26.303
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred Change in risk margin Gross operating expenses	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53 2.715 -16.165 26	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0 -70 -97	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32 2.864 -26.303 36
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred Change in risk margin Gross operating expenses Result of ceded business	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53 2.715 -16.165	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21 219 -10.041	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0 -70	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32 2.864 -26.303
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred Change in risk margin Gross operating expenses Result of ceded business Technical interest	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53 2.715 -16.165 26	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21 219 -10.041	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0 -70 -97	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32 2.864 -26.303 36
Gross premiums written Gross premium income Gross claims incurred Change in risk margin Gross operating expenses Result of ceded business Technical interest Technical profit or loss	and Transport *) tUSD 37.235 38.860 -18.705 53 2.715 -16.165 26 6.784	tUSD 13.026 12.794 -4.323 -21 219 -10.041 9 -1.363	tUSD 1.799 772 -48 0 -70 -97 1 558	tUSD 52.060 52.426 -23.075 32 2.864 -26.303 36 5.980

^{*) &}quot;Marine, Aviation and Transport" includes the insurance areas Marine, Energy, Construction All Risk, Umbrella Liability and Structured Umbrella

[&]quot;Third party" includes the insurance area Liability except Umbrella Liability

17 Sensitivity information	2018	2017
Event	Impact on equity	
Interest rate increase of 0.7 - 1.0 % point	•	-
Interest rate decrease of 0.7 - 1.0 % point	-	•
Decrease in share price of 12 %		2
Decrease in property price of 8 %		
Currency risk (VAR 99.5)		
Loss on counterparties of 8 %	170	188

[&]quot;Fire" includes the insurance area Terminals and Property

18 Financial highlights and key figures

Main figures from the last 5 years.

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Main figures	เบรอ	IUSD	เบรอ	IUSD	tUSD
Gross premium income (including change in premium provisions)	59 298	52.426	60 536	74.916	71.643
Gross claims incurred	-99 099	-23.043	-3.360	-45.633	-28.360
Operating insurance expenses	-2.058	-1.970	-2 599	-3.000	-2.872
Profit or loss of reinsurance	54 059	-21.469	-30 249	-12.760	-10 749
Insurance technical result	12.368	5.980	24.359	13.357	29.784
Return on investments after insurance technical interest	4.398	2.955	2.021	1.223	581
Result after tax for the year	12.983	6 604	21.349	14.650	24.762
Run off results, gross	375	-7.434	9.271	3.673	-813 _
Aun off results, net	3.105	-357	4.096	3.673	-813
Total technical provisions	135.801	74.754	78.729	117.101	79.244
Total insurance assets	112.459	45.763	31.085	18.739	10.173
Total equity	189.257	176.274	169.670	148.321	138.801
Total assets	353.554	278.878	273.116	266.718	224.111

Key figures

itey ligares					
Gross claims ratio	167	44	6	61	40
Net reinsurance ratio	-91	41	50	17	15
Gross expense ratio	3	4	4	4	4
Combined ratio	79	89	60	82	59
Operating ratio	79	89	60	82	58
Relative run off results, gross	1	:-14	12	8	-3
Relative run off results, net	6	±1	5	8.	-3
Return on equity in per cent	7	4	13	10	19
Solvency coverage Solvency I				11	9
Solvency coverage Solvency II* (unaudited)	3	3	3		

Gross claims ratio

(Claims paid + change in claims provisions) / (gross premium income - bonus and premium rebates) * 100

Net reinsurance ratio

(Profit or loss of reinsurance) / (gross premium income - bonus and premium rebates) * 100

Gross expense ratio

[Operating insulance expenses] I (gross premium income - bonus and premium rebates) * 100

Combined ratio

(The sum of above three key figures.)

Operating ratio

Combined ratio where premium income is added to the allocated return on investments.)

Relative run off results

(Run off result compared to claims provisions as at τ January current year)

Return on equity in per cent

[Result for the year / the average equity] * 100

Solvency coverage Solvency I

(Base capital / capital requirement)

Solvency coverage Solvency II

(Capital available / solvency capital requirement)

Financial highlights and key figures for 2017, 2016 and 2015 have been adjusted to the changed accounting policies implemented in 2016, whereas adjustments for the previous years has not been possible.

^{*}The key figure Solvency coverage Solvency II is exempt from audit requirement, cf. executive order no. 937 dated 27 July 2015 on Financial Reporting on Insurance Companies and cross-sectored Pension Funds, and therefore is unaudited.

Board Memberships and other assignments for Board Members

Participation in Boards and Management

Board Members and Management participate as Board Members and Management in the following companies:

Jan Kjærvik

Vice Chairman Höegh Autoliners Holdings AS Board Member Maersk Supply Service A/S CEO Mærsk Trade Finance AS

Fatiha Benali

CEO Ejendomsselskabet af 11.11.2018 Aps